

Western Australia

***Royal King's Park Tennis Club (Inc.)
Constitution***

CONTENTS

Part 1 — The Club		
1.	Name	1
2.	Colours	1
3.	Objects	1
Part 2 — Membership		
4.	Kinds of members	3
5.	Full-playing members	3
6.	Junior members	3
7.	Corporate members	3
8.	Visiting members	3
9.	Permanent members	4
10.	Life members	4
10A.	Honorary Members	4
11.	Applying for admission to membership	5
12.	Notice of proposed admission	4
13.	Admission by committee	4
14.	Notice of admission	5
15.	Transfer from junior to full-playing membership	5
16.	Resignation and other cessation of membership	5
17.	Expulsion from membership	6
18.	Register of members	6
19.	Members to abide by Club rules	7
Part 3 — Management		
20.	The committee	8
21.	Elections	8
22.	Term of office	9

23 .	Casual vacancies	9
24 .	Ordinary committee meetings	9
25 .	Special committee meetings	9
26 .	Committee meetings, generally	9
27 .	Powers of committee	10
28 .	Sub-committees	10
29 .	Captain and Vice-Captain	10
30 .	Treasurer	11
30A.	Heritage Officer	11
31 .	Auditor	11
32 .	Common seal	11
 Part 4 — General meetings		
33 .	Annual general meeting	12
34 .	Extraordinary general meetings	12
35 .	Notice of general meeting	13
36 .	Venue for general meetings	13
37 .	Quorum	13
38 .	Presiding at general meetings	13
39 .	Business at general meetings	13
40 .	Voting	14
 Part 5 — Financial		
41 .	Nomination fees	15
42 .	Amount of subscriptions	15
43 .	Payment of subscriptions	15
44 .	Discounts	15
45 .	Calls on members	15
46 .	Overdue amount owed to the Club	15
47 .	Operating bank accounts	16
48 .	Loans	16
49 .	Club not for pecuniary profit of members; dissolution	17
 Part 6 — General Rules		
50 .	Giving notices and other documents to members	18

**Part 7 — Interpreting rules and
altering Constitution**

51 .	Interpreting rules	19
52 .	Altering this Constitution	19
53 .	Motions to alter Constitution	19
54 .	Poll may be requested	19
55 .	Holding polls	20
56 .	Requirements of certain laws	20
57 .	Headings not part of this Constitution	20
58 .	Terms used in this Constitution	30

Part 1 – The Club

1. Name

The name of the Club is “Royal King’s Park Tennis Club (Incorporated)”.

2. Colours

The Club colours are dark blue and gold.

3. Objects

- (1) The objects for which the Club is established are to promote and encourage the playing of lawn tennis, squash and other sports, and for those purposes —
 - (a) to purchase, lease, or otherwise acquire, or obtain the use of, any real or personal property; and
 - (b) to build, alter, and maintain on the Club premises lawn tennis courts, clubhouses, grandstands, squash courts, and other buildings and structures incidental thereto, and to equip and maintain them for the use of members and provide all the necessary equipment, appliances and conveniences for their use, or arrange for all or any of those things to be done; and
 - (c) to promote, hold, or enter into tournaments and other competitions and matches, either alone or jointly with any other club or association, and to provide or contribute towards trophies and other awards; and
 - (d) to improve, manage, develop, sell, mortgage, lease, let on hire, grant rights or licences in respect of, or surrender, all or any of the property or rights of the Club; and
 - (e) to become affiliated with or subscribe to The Western Australian Tennis Association Incorporated or any other body having objects similar to those of the Club and, if thought fit, to terminate such an affiliation; and
 - (f) to join with, or cause or facilitate the joinder of any other person with, The Western Australian Tennis Association Incorporated or any other body in constructing and providing stands, appointments and improvements of any kind on or to the Club premises.
- (2) In addition to the objects described in subrule (1), it is also an object of the Club that its premises be perpetually conserved —
 - (a) aesthetically; as a forest clearing setting with formal lawn courts and spectator stands and clubrooms as a picturesque ensemble; and

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- (b) as a historic site associated with the establishment and fostering of international standard exhibition tennis in the State, as well as a tennis club serving the community; and
 - (c) historically; having regard to their diverse range of fabric embodying comprehensive and representative evidence of the historical development phases from the gold-boom era to contemporary times; and scientifically; having regard to the remarkable bushland settings, specialized horticultural practices, and technologically fascinating spectator stands; and
 - (d) socially; having regard to the social esteem held for them by the community for their association with historic tennis personages, competitions, and matches, and consequently their high degree of propensity to contribute to the community's sense of place and therefore its sense of social cohesion.

Part 2 - Membership

4. Kinds of members

Membership of the Club is divided into —

- (a) full-playing members; and
- (b) junior members; and
- (c) corporate members; and
- (d) visiting members; and
- (e) permanent members; and
- (f) life members; and
- (g) Honorary Members.

5. Full-playing members

A full-playing member may, subject to the rules of the Club, use the facilities provided by the Club for the use of its members.

6. Junior members

A person is eligible to be a junior member if the person does not turn 18 years of age until after the year of membership begins.

7. Corporate members

- (1) In this rule “**corporation**” includes a body that is a corporation as defined in the *Corporations Act 2001* of the Commonwealth of Australia, or is incorporated under the *Associations Incorporation Act 1987* of Western Australia, and also includes —
 - (a) any other body or association of persons, whether or not incorporated; and
 - (b) any person carrying on business as a sole trader; and
 - (c) any other person carrying on a business in which employees are employed.
- (2) Corporate membership gives a corporation and its nominees entitlements that the Committee fixes, and the Committee may fix different entitlements for different corporate members.
- (3) Corporate membership is conditional on any nominee of the corporation, as well as the corporation itself, complying with the rules of the Club.

8. Visiting members

- (1) A visitor to Perth may be a visiting member.
- (2) Neither a nomination fee nor a subscription fee is payable for visiting membership but the committee may fix a fee payable for the membership.

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- (3) Visiting membership gives a person entitlements that the committee fixes, and the Committee may fix different entitlements for different visiting members
 - (4) Visiting membership does not entitle a person to attend a general meeting.

9. Permanent members

- (1) The committee may make a member of the Club who has been a member for at least 50 years a permanent member.
- (2) No annual subscription fee is payable by a permanent member.
- (3) Permanent membership gives a person the same entitlements as a full-playing member has.

10. Life members

- (1) The committee may recommend to the members at an annual general meeting that, in recognition of services to the Club or for any other reason that it considers sufficient, a member of the Club be made a life member.
- (2) On the recommendation of the committee a member of the Club may be made a life member by a resolution passed at an annual general meeting by a majority of at least three-quarters of the members present at the meeting and voting.
- (3) No annual subscription fee for membership of the Club is payable by a life member.
- (4) Life membership gives a person the same entitlements as a full-playing member has.

10A Honorary Members

- (1) From time to time, the Committee may wish to bestow the title of Honorary membership on an individual as a result of their services or contribution to the club or to the sport of tennis.
- (2) Honorary membership is only available to people who are not currently members of the club.
- (3) Honorary membership must be approved by two thirds of the Committee present and voting at a Committee meeting.
- (4) Honorary membership must also be approved by Next Generation Clubs of Australia.
- (5) No annual subscription fee is payable by an honorary member;
- (6) Honorary membership gives a person the same entitlements as a full-playing member.”

11. Applying for admission to membership

- (1) Any person may apply in a manner approved by the Club to be admitted to membership of the Club but, if entitlement to use the tennis or squash facilities depends on holding membership of another body, a person cannot be a member of the Club unless the holder of a membership giving that entitlement.
- (2) The application is to include particulars of —
 - (a) the name and address of the prospective member; and
 - (b) other information, if any, that the Club may require.

12. Notice of proposed admission

The Club is required to publicly display notice of each application for membership at the Club premises for a period of at least 14 clear days before the person can be admitted to membership except that this rule does not apply to an application for admission to visiting membership.

13. Admission by committee

- (1) The committee is to decide an application for admission to membership at the first committee meeting practicable.
- (2) The committee may require the applicant to provide it with such information as the committee sees fit, and may postpone consideration of the admission of the applicant until it is satisfied that it has such information as it considers appropriate.
- (3) The applicant may be admitted to membership by a resolution of at least two-thirds of the members of the committee present and voting at the meeting.
- (4) If any member of the committee so requests, voting is to be by ballot.

14. Notice of admission

If the committee admits a person to membership the Club is to forthwith notify the person.

15. Transfer from junior to full-playing membership

- (1) A person who is a junior member automatically becomes a full-playing member when the person attains the age at which the person ceases to be eligible for junior membership.
- (2) Subrule (1) does not apply if the person resigns with effect from the time when the person ceases to be eligible for junior membership.

16. Resignation and other cessation of membership

- (1) A member may, by notice in writing given to the Club, resign from membership of the Club.

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- (2) A person ceases to be a member of the Club if it would be contrary to rule 11(1) for the person to continue to be a member.
 - (3) A person's resignation or other cessation of membership —
 - (a) does not entitle the person to a refund of all or any of an annual subscription fee or any other amount of money that has already become payable; and
 - (b) does not affect the liability of the person to pay any annual subscription fee or any other amount of money that has already become payable nor the consequences of failing to pay.

17. Expulsion from membership

- (1) If a member of the Club —
 - (a) fails or refuses to comply with any rule of the Club; or
 - (b) behaves in a way that the committee considers to be unbecoming or detrimental to the interests of the Club,

the member is liable to expulsion by the committee.
- (2) If the committee suspects that a member may be liable to expulsion it may investigate the matters giving rise to its suspicion.
- (3) If the committee considers that investigation of the matters appears warranted, it is to give the member concerned full details in writing of the grounds on which it is suspected that the member may be liable to expulsion and call upon the member to satisfy it that the member should not be expelled.
- (4) The member may make written submissions to the committee or appear before it personally at the meeting at which the matter is investigated but, if appearing, is to retire from the meeting for the committee to make its decision.
- (5) The quorum for the meeting of the committee at which the investigation is carried out is 8 members of the committee.
- (6) If the committee decides that the member be expelled, the member ceases to be a member.

18. Register of members

- (1) The Club is to keep a register of members showing, for each member:
 - (a) the member's full names and residential address; and
 - (b) the kind of membership held; and
 - (c) the amount of the annual subscription fee, if any, that most recently became payable for membership and, if the fee has been paid, the date when it was paid.
- (2) The register of members is to be kept at, and is not to be removed from, the Club premises.

- (3) The address to be shown in the register is the address that was most recently given to the Club.

19. Members to abide by Club rules

Membership of the Club implies agreement by the member to comply with the rules of the Club.

Part 3 — Management

20. The committee

- (1) The committee is responsible for the management of the Club.
- (2) The committee consists of —
 - (a) the President, the Vice-President, the Captain, the Vice-Captain, the Treasurer, the Heritage Officer, the Immediate Past President, and the Club Secretary; and
 - (b) such number of other members, who are to be known as the ordinary members of the committee, as are required for there to be a total of 10 members of the committee.
- (3) More than one of the positions mentioned in subrule (2)(a) may be held by the same person.
- (4) Upon the election of a new President, the retiring President becomes the holder of the office of Immediate Past President if willing to accept that office and continues to hold that office, while willing and able to do so, until another person becomes the Immediate Past President.

21. Elections

- (1) The members of the committee, other than the Immediate Past President, are to be elected at the annual general meeting by voting members from amongst the persons nominated for election to the office concerned, but if there is only one nomination the nominee is to be taken to have been elected unopposed.
- (2) Only voting members are eligible to be nominated for election to the committee.
- (3) Any member may propose or second a nomination.
- (4) A nomination is required to be —
 - (a) made in writing; and
 - (b) signed by the proposer, the seconder, and the nominee; and
 - (c) given to the Club at least 14 clear days before the day of the annual general meeting at which the election is to be held,except that if an office cannot be filled with a person nominated in accordance with paragraphs (a), (b), and (c), nominations for the office may, without notice, be proposed and seconded orally at the meeting.
- (5) Upon being given a nomination under subrule (4)(c), the Club is to publicly display notice of it at the Club premises.

22. Term of office

- (1) The term of office for which a person is elected to be a member of the committee runs from the end of the annual general meeting at which the person is elected until the end of the next following annual general meeting.
- (2) A person whose term as an elected member of the committee is expiring is eligible for re-election, except that a person is not eligible to hold office as the President for more than 2 successive years.

23. Casual vacancies

- (1) If the office of an elected member becomes vacant before the term of office is completed, the committee may appoint a person to hold the office for the balance of the term.
- (2) If the office of Immediate Past President is vacant the committee may appoint a person to hold office as an ordinary member for a term expiring at the end of the next following annual general meeting.
- (3) Only a person who would be eligible to be nominated for election to the office can be appointed.
- (4) A person appointed under this rule to hold office for the balance of a term is eligible for election to hold the office when the term expires.

24. Ordinary committee meetings

- (1) The President is to convene ordinary meetings of the committee at intervals fixed by the committee or by a resolution passed at a general meeting but the committee is to meet at least 10 times a year.
- (2) The Club is to give to each member of the committee at least 3 clear days' notice in writing of an ordinary meeting.
- (3) A member of the committee who is absent from 3 consecutive ordinary meetings of the committee without the leave of the committee ceases to hold office.

25. Special committee meetings

- (1) If the President thinks fit to do so the President may convene a special meeting of the committee upon such notice as the President thinks fit.
- (2) If requested by at least 2 members of the committee to do so, the President is required to convene a special meeting of the committee upon such notice as the President thinks fit.

26. Committee meetings, generally

- (1) At a meeting of the committee 5 members constitute a quorum, except as otherwise provided by rule 17(5).

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- (2) At a meeting of the committee the President is to preside if present and, if the President is not present, the Vice-President is to preside, but if neither the President nor the Vice-President is present the members present are to elect one of their number to preside.
 - (3) Except as otherwise prescribed by this Constitution or by law, the Committee is to determine its own procedures.

27. Powers of committee

Without limiting the other powers that may be given to the committee by the rules of the Club, the committee —

- (a) is responsible for controlling the finances of the Club; and
- (b) may appoint sub-committees (which may include Club members who are not committee members) and delegate to any person or subcommittee such functions as the committee thinks fit; and
- (c) may engage, control and dismiss employees of, and contractors to, the Club; and
- (d) may permit a member to enjoy a privilege to which a person is not entitled by a membership of the kind held by that member; and
- (e) may generally do such things as are necessary for carrying out the objects of the Club.

28. Sub-committees

A sub-committee appointed by the committee is responsible to the committee and is to report to the committee as the committee may direct.

29. Captain and Vice-Captain

- (1) The Captain's functions are —
 - (a) to arrange and control Club play on the Club's courts; and
 - (b) to control and supervise the use of the Club premises by members; and
 - (c) to settle disputes between members; and
 - (d) to investigate and report to the committee on —
 - (i) matters involving loss or damage; and
 - (ii) matters concerning the conduct of members.
- (2) If the Captain thinks fit, the Captain may suspend a person's membership pending enquiry into the conduct of the member.
- (3) The Vice-Captain is to assist the Captain and, in the absence of the Captain, has the same powers as the Captain.

30. Treasurer

- (1) The Treasurer is to be responsible for the receipt, recording, and payment into the Club's accounts, of all money received on behalf of the Club.
- (2) The Treasurer is to prepare the annual financial statements.
- (3) The Treasurer is to cause the annual financial statements to be circulated amongst members of the Club with the annual report.
- (4) The Treasurer is to prepare an annual budget at the beginning of the financial year that begins while the Treasurer holds office.
- (5) The Treasurer is responsible for the preparation of, and submission to each ordinary meeting of the committee of, appropriate financial accounts together with any accounts for payment by the Club.

30A. Heritage Officer

- (1) The Heritage Officer is to be responsible for monitoring the maintenance, preservation and restoration of records, memorabilia, buildings and grounds, and other property of the Club that have heritage value.
- (2) At each annual general meeting the Heritage Officer is to present a report on the matters for which the Heritage Officer is responsible.”

31. Auditor

An Auditor, not being a member of the committee, is to be elected at each annual general meeting if the law requires there to be, or the committee decides there should be, an auditor.

32. Common seal

- (1) The Club is to have a common seal.
- (2) The common seal may be affixed to a document by order of the committee, and not otherwise.
- (3) The affixing of the common seal to a document is to be in the presence of, and attested by, 2 members of the committee of whom at least one is the President, the Vice-President, or the Treasurer.
- (4) The Club is to keep a register of the documents to which the common seal has been affixed.

Part 4 — General Meetings

33. Annual general meeting

- (1) The committee is to convene an annual general meeting of the members of the Club within 4 months after the end of each financial year.
- (2) The business at an annual general meeting is to include —
 - (a) the election of —
 - (i) the members of the committee who are required to be elected;
and
 - (ii) the Auditor, if needed;
and
 - (b) to consider the annual financial statements for the immediately preceding financial year and any other financial statements submitted to members at the meeting and the Auditor's report, if any; and
 - (c) to consider the committee's annual report; and
 - (d) any other business that rule 39 allows to be raised at a general meeting.
- (3) At least 21 clear days before an annual general meeting the Club is to give a preliminary notice of the meeting to each member at the member's address as last notified by the member to the Club.
- (4) The preliminary notice is required to state —
 - (a) the time and place at which the meeting is to be held; and
 - (b) the items of business for the meeting to the extent that they are known at the time the notice is prepared; and
 - (c) the closing date, being 14 clear days before the day on which the meeting is to be held, for giving the Club notice of further items of business that it is sought to raise at the meeting upon notice given under rule 35(2)(b) ; and
 - (d) the closing date for nominating members for election to the committee, calculated according to rule 21(4)(c),

and is to be accompanied by the annual financial statements and the annual report.

34. Extraordinary general meetings

- (1) The committee may at any time convene an extraordinary general meeting of Club members for any specified purpose.
- (2) If at least 25 voting members, by notice in writing signed by them and given to the Club, request that an extraordinary general meeting be called for any specified purpose, the committee is required to convene the meeting not later than one month after the request is given.

35 Notice of general meeting

- (1) At least 7 clear days before a general meeting the Club is to give notice of the meeting to each member at the member's address as last notified by the member to the Club.
- (2) The notice is required to state —
 - (a) the time and place at which the meeting is to be held; and
 - (b) the business that is to be raised at the meeting upon notice, including —
 - (i) any business of which the Club has been given written notice before the closing date referred to in rule 33(4)(c); and
 - (ii) any business of which the Club has been given written notice under section 34(2).
- (3) The notice may be accompanied by such information about the nominees for election to the committee as the committee considers appropriate.

36. Venue for general meetings

General meetings are to be held at the Club premises or at such other place as the committee fixes.

37. Quorum

Thirty-five voting members constitute a quorum at a general meeting.

38. Presiding at general meetings

At a general meeting the President is to preside if present and, if the President is not present, the Vice-President is to preside, but if neither the President nor the Vice-President is present the members present are to elect one of their number to preside.

39. Business at general meetings

- (1) A motion cannot be moved or put at a general meeting unless notice of it has been given, setting out its terms, in a notice under rule 35 or unless the motion is a procedural motion about the conduct of the meeting (for example, a motion that a motion being debated at the meeting be now put).
- (2) Subrule (1) does not prevent an amendment to a motion before the meeting being moved without notice but if, in the opinion of the person presiding, the amendment would alter the motion in a way or to a degree such that the amendment ought not to be moved without notice, the amendment may be ruled out of order.
- (3) The person presiding at the meeting may allow business to be raised by way of questions or otherwise to the extent considered reasonable but subrule (1) prevails.

40. Voting

- (1) At a general meeting or a poll of the members of the Club each voting member is entitled to one vote.
- (2) If the votes for and the votes against a motion are equal the motion is lost, but if the votes for each of 2 or more candidates at an election are equal the person presiding may exercise a casting vote.
- (3) No vote on a matter arising for decision at a general meeting is exercisable by or on behalf of a member who is not present at the meeting.

Part 5 — Financial

41. Nomination fees

The nomination fee applicable for each kind of membership is such amount, if any, as the committee has for the time being fixed.

42. Amount of subscriptions

- (1) The amount of an annual subscription fee, if any, that is required to be paid under these rules is such amount as the committee has for the time being fixed in accordance with this rule.
- (2) The committee may fix different fees for members having the same kind of membership, on such basis as it sees fit.

43. Payment of subscriptions

Annual subscription fees are due and payable on 1 July of the financial year to which they relate.

44. Discounts

- (1) The committee may from time to time fix discounts that are to be allowed in respect of annual subscription fees where —
 - (a) they are paid before a specified day; or
 - (b) they are payable for 2 or more Club members who live together as members of the same family; or
 - (c) other circumstances exist that the committee believes justify a discount being allowed.
- (2) Discounts may be allowed cumulatively.

45. Calls on members

- (1) The committee may from time to time make a call upon all or any members of the Club to pay to the Club such amount as it specifies.
- (2) The amount of a call, or if there are 2 or more calls in the same financial year the total of those calls, cannot exceed one half of the annual subscription fee applicable to the kind of membership held by the person on whom the call is made.

46. Overdue amount owed to the Club

- (1) For the purposes of this rule payment by a member of an amount is not overdue until —
 - (a) a period of 30 clear days has passed since the member was given a statement that the amount is payable; and
 - (b) the date by which payment is due has passed.

- (c) The Club may charge a member on any overdue amount payable to the Club interest at the rate for the time being fixed by the committee.
- (d) If payment of all or any part of an amount of money payable by a member to the Club is overdue by at least 30 clear days or such further time as the committee has, because of exceptional circumstances, allowed by resolution passed before an amount was overdue by that length of time, the member ceases to be a member.

47. Operating bank accounts

- (1) Money received by the Club is to be deposited in such accounts at such banks or other financial institutions as the committee directs.
- (2) The Club's accounts are to be operated upon in such manner as the committee directs.

48. Loans

- (1) The committee may borrow any amount up to a limit of 15% of the Club's revenue from annual subscription fees in the previous year without seeking the approval of members at a general meeting.
- (2) The loan —
 - (a) may be by overdraft upon a current account or otherwise from any bank; and
 - (b) may be secured against all or any of the Club's assets by way of mortgage, the issue of debentures, or otherwise; and
 - © may be upon such terms and conditions as the committee thinks fit.
- (3) The committee may exercise the power given by subrule (1) on more than one occasion, but the total amount owing on loans taken under that power that have not been subsequently ratified by a resolution passed at a general meeting is not to exceed the limit mentioned in that subrule.
- (4) The committee may, if authorized to do so by a resolution passed at a general meeting, borrow any greater amount than it could borrow under subrule (1) but if the resolution authorized the borrowing of the money for a specific purpose, the money can only be spent for that purpose or such other purpose as may be authorized by a subsequent resolution passed at a general meeting.
- (5) The lender is not required to see to the proper application of money borrowed, and the Treasurer is authorized to give a receipt for the money.

49. Club not for pecuniary profit of members; dissolution

- (1) The property and income of the Club is to be applied solely towards the promotion of its objects and no part of that property or income may be paid or otherwise distributed, directly or indirectly, to members except in good faith in the promotion of those objects.
- (2) In the event of the Club being dissolved, the amount that remains after such dissolution and the satisfaction of all debts and liabilities shall be transferred to any association incorporated under the *Associations Incorporation Act 1987* with similar purposes which is not carried on for the profit or gain of its individual members and which association shall be determined by resolution of the members

Part 6 — General Rules

50. Giving notices and other documents to members

- (1) If any notice or other document is required by the rules of the Club to be given to a member it is sufficient, unless otherwise expressly provided, to send it by email to the member's email address as shown in the register of members.
- (2) A notice or other document sent to a member by email or ordinary post is to be regarded as having been given to the member on the day it was emailed or the day after the day on which it was posted.
- (3) A member has the right to request that a notice or other document that is required by the rules of the Club to be given to a member be sent by ordinary post to the member's address as shown in the register of members.

Part 7 — Interpreting Rules and Altering Constitution

51. Interpreting rules

Any question as to the meaning of the rules of the Club is to be decided by the committee, but the committee's decision may be over-ruled by a resolution passed at a general meeting.

52. Altering this Constitution

- (1) An alteration to this Constitution can only be made in accordance with rules 53 to 56.
- (2) A reference in this Constitution to altering this Constitution includes a reference to altering or repealing any of its provisions or inserting new provisions in it, and also includes a reference to repealing and replacing the Constitution in its entirety.

53. Motions to alter Constitution

- (1) This Constitution may be altered at any general meeting if notice of the proposed motion to alter the Constitution has been given.
- (2) A notice of the proposed motion that is given to the Club under rule 35(2)(b) or 34(2) and the notice of meeting given by the Club under rule 35 are each required to set out in full the proposed alteration.
- (3) Unless the motion, as amended in accordance with rule 39(2) or without amendment, is passed by a majority of at least three-quarters of the members present and voting at the meeting, the motion is lost.
- (4) If the motion is passed, it does not have effect until —
 - (a) any approval required under section 48(4)(d) of the *Liquor Control Act 1988* has been obtained; and
 - (b) section 17(2) of the *Associations Incorporation Act 1987* has been complied with.

54. Poll may be requested

- (1) If the motion is passed, any 10 voting members may, by notice in writing given to the Club within 7 days after the day on which the motion was passed, request that a poll be held on the question of whether the resolution should be endorsed or overruled.
- (2) The request is to be submitted to the committee for the committee to fix a day for the holding of the poll, which is to be at least one month after each voting member has been given notice in accordance with rule 55(1).

55. Holding polls

- (1) The Club is to give by ordinary post to each voting member notice of the question on which the poll is to be held and the day on which the poll is to be held, together with a ballot paper in a form approved by the committee.

he notice is required to set the question out in full.
- (2) Each voting member is entitled to one vote in the poll, which may be exercised by returning the completed ballot paper to the Club on the day fixed for the holding of the poll before 8 p.m. on that day.
- (3) On the closing of the poll the ballot papers received are to be immediately given to the returning officer for the poll.
- (4) The President or, if the President is not available, the Vice-President is to be the returning officer and if neither of them is available the returning officer is to be someone whom the Committee appoints.
- (5) The returning officer is to count the votes in the poll and unless a majority of at least three-quarters of the members voting at the poll are in favour of the resolution on which the poll was held, the returning officer is to declare that the resolution is overruled.
- (6) The Club is to publicly display the result of the poll at the Club premises.

56. Requirements of certain laws

In addition to ensuring compliance with the requirements of the *Associations Incorporation Act 1987* for the alteration to have effect, the Club is to give such notice of, and seek to obtain such approval to, the alteration as may be required under the *Liquor Control Act 1988*.

57. Headings not part of this Constitution

A heading to a rule in this Constitution is not a part of this Constitution and on a consolidation of this Constitution a heading may be clerically changed to reflect the meaning of the rule that it describes.

58. Terms used in this Constitution

- (1) In this Constitution, unless the contrary intention appears —

“**annual financial statements**” means a statement of income and expenditure for the financial year concerned and a balance sheet as at the end of that year, together with such other accounts, if any, as may be required to show the financial position of the Club at the end of that year;

“**clear days**” means that when counting the number of days from one occurrence to another neither the day of the first occurrence nor the day of the second occurrence is included;

“Club premises” means the premises for the time being belonging to or occupied by or used by the Club;

“committee” means the committee of the Club referred to in rule 20;

“general meeting” means an annual general meeting or an extraordinary general meeting;

“rules of the Club” means rules contained in this Constitution;

“voting member” means a person who is a full-playing member, a permanent member or a life member.

- (2) A reference in this Constitution to a law of Western Australia includes a reference to it as from time to time in force, and also includes a reference to any law that is substituted for it.

Amended by resolutions made on:

17 September 1996

4 March 1997

6 November 2000

29 October 2001

12 August 2002

26 November 2002

21 September 2005

31 October 2007

29 September 2010

5 October 2011

24 September 2014

23 September 2015

Note that an alteration does not have effect until —

- (a) *the approval required under section 48(4)(d) of the Liquor Control Act 1988 has been obtained; and*
- (b) *section 17(2) of the Associations Incorporation Act 1987 has been complied with.*